

# Geographic Timeline - First 1500 Years of Christianity

Century/ Region	First AD 1-100	Second 101-200	Third 201-300	Fourth 301-400	Fifth 401-500	Sixth 501-600	Seventh 601-700
World	* 12 disciples spread Gospel to known world. James to Spain, Andrew to Russia, Simon to Persia #T26) * 18% of the world is reached with gospel.	* ~220 Non-Christians per believer worldwide. * 4000 ethnic groups in the world; only a handful evangelized.	* Christianity expands from 5% to 20% of world population and reaches an additional 10% .		* Christians make up 20% of world population. * Ecumenical councils of Ephesus & Chalcedon re: Christ's nature further division b/w West and Monophysite East.		* Christians as percentage of world population hold steady just below 20%, and evangelistic impact diminishes – world B decreases 10%.
Middle East	* Jesus born, crucified, resurrected, ascended. * Addai, one of the 70, founds church in Syria at Edessa.	* Monastery with 200 Nestorian monks established in Persian Gulf.	* Over 20 bishops established in Mesopotamia.	* Theophilus the Indian: sent from Rome, converts the king of S. Arabia and plants four churches in Yemen. * Abdisha builds monastery in Bahrain.	* Nestorians penetrate to the end of Arabia (Socotra). * Hayyan, a Yemeni merchant, converts to Christianity and evangelizes Yemen.		* Mohamed founds the Islamic religion. * Christianity exists side-by-side with Islam in Arabia.
Europe	* Roman Empire facilitates rapid spread of Christianity with peace, order, roads, common language. * Paul spreads Gospel to Asia Minor, Greece, Rome, France, and Spain.#C62 * Christians in every province of Rome by end of century.	* Regional persecution of Christians in Roman Empire. (Polycarp #F13, Libetus #E92)	* Empire-wide Roman persecution under emperors Decius, Valerian, and later, Diocletian. #W10	* Emperor Constantine converted#L91 and tolerates Christianity in Roman Empire. * Christianity later becomes official Roman religion. * Ulfilas, Arian British missionary to the Goths, invents Gothic script and translates Bible. Most Goths became Christians. #T35. * Burgundians and Georgians also introduced to Gospel. * Roman Empire 50% Christian by end of century.	* Barbarian (Goth) invasions of Rome destabilize Rome and bring European Arian Christians side-by-side with Roman Catholics #C126. * Cyril, Byzantine missionary to Moscow, invents Russian alphabet (Cyrillic), translates Bible. * Irish Monks (Peregrini) preach Bible to Germanic Tribes (Donegal). * Patrick evangelizes Ireland #F138 (Patrick's strategy #Wi).	* Columba, Irish Celtic missionary to Britain, converts the Scots #T41. * Clovis converts Franks. * Augustine of Canterbury and Ethelbert convert the Angles and Saxons late in this century.	
Central & West Asia	* Thomas Bartholomew evangelizes India.	* Pantaenus, great scholar from Alexandria, goes as missionary to India.		* Council of Nicea (First Ecumenical Council, deals with Christological Controversy, called by Roman emperor Constantine). * John Chrysostom, evangelistic bishop in Asia Minor #I.98. * India strewn with bishoprics & monasteries. * The Great Persecution begins under Shapur III of Persia (nationalistic backlash for Romans making Christianity their official religion) – 190,000 martyred, many Persian Christians flee to Arabia and India, carrying the Gospel.	* Nestorian missionaries among the Huns/Turks help exiled Shah who later comes to power in Persia and reinstates tolerance for Christians. * First Hun Patriarchate.	* Jacob Barad of Syria #M245 and other Mono-physite missionaries evangelize India.	* Tang Dynasty of China re-opens Silk Road b/w Europe and China across Central Asia after 400 years of lost control.
East Asia							* Alopen, first recorded Christian missionary to China (from Persia), translates Bible and propagates Christianity with emperor's toleration. * At least a dozen Nestorian monasteries/churches established. * Later Buddhist Empress Wu Ha encourages persecution of Christians.
Africa	* Apostle Mark & many other Jews form Hellenistic Christian hub in Alexandria.			* Axum/ Abyssinia/ Ethiopia embraces Gospel. * Cyprian leads Latin church in Carthage.		* Nestorian Christian Businessmen begin penetrating China.	* Muslims begin conquering N. Africa with help of Berbers. They leave sub-Saharan Africa un-Islamized to facilitate their slave trade.
Americas							* Brendan of Ireland crosses Atlantic, evangelizes Algonquins.

Century/ Region		Eighth AD 701-800	Ninth 801-900	Tenth 901-1000	Eleventh 1001- 1100	Twelfth 1101-1200	Thirteenth 1201-1300	Fourteenth 1301-1400	Fifteenth 1401-1500	
World	* Christians make up 19% of world population.		* Christians make up 17% of world population.	* 220 Non-Christians per believer worldwide.	* Christians make up 18% of world population.	* Christians increase markedly to 24% of world population.	* Christians increase markedly to 24% of world population.	* Christianity decreases markedly to 18% of world population. * 69 Non-Christians per believer worldwide by 1500.	* Christianity decreases markedly to 18% of world population. * 69 Non-Christians per believer worldwide by 1500.	
Middle East	* Serious decline of Christianity in Arabia as Muslims gain power.									
Europe	* Charlemagne's Carolingian Revival (Latin-speaking Holy Roman Empire based in Germany). * Monasteries preserve law, science, literature, & religion. * Charles Martel stops Muslim Arab invasion of Europe @ Spanish-French border. * Boniface, greatest R.C. missionary to German Goths. #T46 * Willibrord converts the Frisians late in the century. * Chinese-controlled Kyrzstan taken over by Muslim Arabs.	* Vikings pillage Europe, destroy monasteries and most historical records. * Anskar, French missionary to Scandinavia. #T49 * Monks and women who are taken as slaves by Vikings spread Gospel among Vikings.	* Alfred the Great of Wessex gives up on Latin and starts worship and book-copying in Anglo-Saxon language. * Monastic revival in Cluny, France raises up strong church leaders and churches.	* Crusades (all led by Viking descendants) against heretical Christians in Europe, Slavs, and Muslims in Sicily, Spain, and Palestine alienating Eastern Christians and Arabic Muslims. #C220 * Scholastic movement: many cathedrals and universities built.	* Friars spread message across Europe. * Wycliffe translates Bible into English. * John Huss uses Bible to challenge Roman Catholic authority in Bohemia.	* Black Plague kills 1/3 of population of Europe and an even larger percentage of Franciscan Friars. * Friars spread message across Europe.	* Francis of Assisi begins mission in Syria. * Fra Ricaldo - incarnational witness to Muslims (5 rules for missionaries #Wi). * Persian Ghazan converts to Islam; Persia goes Muslim.	* European Christians (esp. in Germany) begin to lose interest in Roman-dominated religion and want their own national expressions of Christianity. * Renaissance (Humanistic). * Christian Reconquistas of Iberian Peninsula completed.	* European Christians (esp. in Germany) begin to lose interest in Roman-dominated religion and want their own national expressions of Christianity. * Renaissance (Humanistic). * Christian Reconquistas of Iberian Peninsula completed.	
C. & W. Asia										
East Asia	* Persecution ends in China, more Persian missionaries arrive. * Uighurs declare Nestorian-Manichaean Christianity their state religion! * Adam (aka Ching-Ching), Nestorian monk from Central Asia, prolific Bible translator, honored even by Buddhist monks.	* Growing xenophobia brings persecution of Buddhism and Christianity – monasteries reduced from 4600 to one per prefecture. * Christian Uighurs conquered and Islamized by Kyrgyz.	* Decline of Tang dynasty brings end of Christianity which it patronized in China. * “Only one Christian left in China.”	* Prince of the Kerait tribe receives vision, connects with Nestorian missionaries in Mongolia, and is baptized with 200,000 tribesmen. * Tribe remains Christian for centuries.	* Genghis Khan conquers all of Central Asia and slaughters Christians, but Christianity grows under Pax Mongolia.	* Genghis Khan, from Kerait tribe, becomes emperor of Mongols, conquers all of Central Asia and China, forms religiously-pluralistic Pax Mongolia. * John of Piano, a disciple of Francis of Assisi, is first of 7 Roman Catholic missionaries sent to Mongolia. Rebuffed by Khan, but found Nestorians in Khan's court. * Marco Polo visits Mongolia later and discovers hundreds of thousands of Nestorian Christians. * Kublai Khan requests the pope send 100 scholarly missionaries. Two are sent, but don't even make it there.	* John of Montecorvino, R.C. Franciscan, reaches Peking just after Kublai Khan dies and wins 6,000 converts (many from Nestorians). * Odoric, a Franciscan, visits John's work and reports 30,000 Nestorians in China. * John of Marignoli: last Roman Catholic bishop in China. * Last Mongol emperor welcomes John, but is a foolish, lazy leader and loses the empire between an internal uprising and the external Chinese armies that re-conquered China. * Christianity, dependent on Khan Dynasty, disappears.	* Jesuit missionaries find no trace of Christianity when they arrive in China in 1500's. * John of Marignoli: last Roman Catholic bishop in China. * Last Mongol emperor welcomes John, but is a foolish, lazy leader and loses the empire between an internal uprising and the external Chinese armies that re-conquered China. * Christianity, dependent on Khan Dynasty, disappears.	* Ethiopia is only Christian country left in Africa.	* Portuguese sailors penetrate further into Africa.
Africa										
Americas										

# After a name indicates a biographical sketch to share, referencing the Author's last name (see sources below) and page number where the sketch starts.  
 This timeline was compiled by Rev. Nate Wilson using the following sources: Barrett & Johnson: *World Christian Trends*, Earle Cairns: *Christianity Through The Centuries*, Bill Higgins, Elizabeth Isichei: *A History of Christianity in Africa*, Patrick Johnstone: *The Church is Bigger than You Think*, Kenneth Scott Latourette: *A History of Christianity*, Samuel Moffat: *A History of the Church in Asia*, Ruth Walton: *From Jerusalem to Iran Jaya*, Robert Walton: *Chronological & Background Charts of Church History*, and Ralph Winter: multiple articles from *Mission Frontiers* magazine, *Perspectives Readers*, and *World Christian Foundations* material.